

## Appendix 11. Results from Multiple Correspondence Analysis

Table A.10.1. Eigenvalues and percentages of inertia absorbed by the first three axes (F1, F2 and F3) of the Multiple Correspondence Analysis (MCA).

	F1	F2	F3
Eigenvalue	0,247	0,161	0,159
Adjusted Inertia (%)	50,150	12,208	6,620
Cumulative %	50,150	62,358	68,978

Table A.10.2. Principal coordinates of the variables in the first three axes (F1, F2, F3) of the Multiple Correspondence Analysis (MCA). Values in bold correspond to the variables with highest squared cosines.

Variable	F1	F2	F3
Biodiversity conservation	0,210	-0,234	-0,318
Climate change	-0,068	<b>-0,160</b>	-0,035
Stakeholders identification	<b>1,271</b>	0,164	-0,323
Direct drivers	<b>0,990</b>	<b>0,290</b>	0,212
Indirect drivers	<b>0,925</b>	0,182	0,165
Quantitative analysis	<b>0,885</b>	-0,415	-0,188
Uncertainty	0,246	<b>0,220</b>	<b>-0,421</b>
Vulnerability	0,227	<b>-0,406</b>	<b>0,437</b>
Desirability	-0,124	-0,220	0,051
Envisioning	0,007	<b>-0,369</b>	0,079
Modeling	0,431	-0,527	<b>-1,072</b>
Back-casting	<b>1,014</b>	-0,481	0,321
Monitoring	-0,331	<b>-0,462</b>	<b>-0,636</b>

Table A.10.3. Principal coordinates of the case studies in the first three axes (F1, F2, F3) of the Multiple Correspondence Analysis (MCA).

Case studies	F1	F2	F3
1. SW Yukon Wildlife (Canada)	-0,320	-0,071	0,126
2. Swabian Alb (Germany)	0,033	-0,015	0,677
3. Eastern Cape (South Africa)	0,168	0,076	0,253
4. COMETLA (Mexico)	-0,508	-0,042	-0,357
5. COMETLA (Colombia)	-0,417	-0,178	-0,656
6. COMETLA (Argentina)	-0,508	-0,042	-0,357
7. Uplands (UK)	-0,087	-0,253	-0,383
8. COMBIOSERVE (Bolivia)	0,023	-0,483	0,438
9. COBRA North Rupununi (Guyana)	-0,296	1,151	-0,005
10. Semi-arid North (Nicaragua)	0,391	-0,610	-0,484
11. Wet Tropics (Australia)	0,628	-0,188	-0,694
12. Transhumance (Spain)	0,812	-0,054	0,345
13. Cienaga Grande (Colombia)	1,008	0,195	0,277

14. Mackay Whitsunday Isaac (Australia)	-0,416	0,534	-0,199
15. Southern Transylvania (Romania)	0,322	0,986	-0,046
16. Northern Highland Lake (USA)	0,222	-0,036	-0,298
17. Coastal ecosystem services (Kenya)	0,321	0,138	-0,309
18. Nusa Tenggara Barat (Indonesia)	-0,617	-0,276	0,310
19. West New Britain (Papua New Guinea)	-0,617	-0,276	0,310
20. Torres Strait (Australia)	-0,617	-0,276	0,310
21. Bonnechere River (Canada)	-0,609	0,092	0,332
22. Doñana (Spain)	0,636	-0,197	0,279
23. Alps (France)	0,449	-0,178	0,130