Appendix 6

Fig. A6.1 Alternative Sankey diagram showing the interconnections of push and pull factors for Ghana, Burkina Faso and Nigeria, with 'infrastructure' being classified as an economic driver.

Numbers in the left-sided boxes reflect how many pull factors are named in the context of the respective push factors. Numbers on the right- hand side reflect the number of push factors that are named in the context of the respective pull factors. Colors of the boxes show the same driver categories. Colors of the lines reflect the category of push factors

Ghana better climatic conditions 11 unfavorable climatic conditions better soils or fertile land 4 poor soils or land degradation increase of income or better opportunities 16 lack of economic opportunities lack of available land poverty available land poor infrastructure access to market 2 land scarcity due to pop. pressure better infrastructure 8 social conflicts education opportunities political conflicts food insecurity social networks **Burkina Faso** better soils or fertile land unfavorable climatic conditions 3 poor soils or land degradation increase of income or better opportunities lack of economic opportunities lack of available land available land land scarcity due to population pressure better infrastructure political conflicts lower population density 2 food insecurity social networks **Nigeria** better climatic conditions 4 unfavorable climatic conditions better soils or fertile land 4 poor soils or land degradation increase of income or better opportunities lack of economic opportunities available land access to market lack of available land better infrastructure poor infrastructure education opportunities social conflicts social networks political conflicts safety food security 4 food insecurity Environmental driver | Economic driver

Political driver Demographic driver Food security as driver